

Inégalités classiques (Exercices)

$$\sum_{k=1}^m x_k = 1$$

① Soit $(x_1, \dots, x_m) \in (\mathbb{R}_+^*)^m$ tels que $x_1 + \dots + x_m = 1$

Montrer que $\sum_{k=1}^m \frac{1}{x_k} \geq m$ ②

Cas d'égalité ?
 $x_1 = \dots = x_m = \frac{1}{m}$

~~Convexité~~

f convexe
 $\lambda_1 + \dots + \lambda_m = 1$

$$f(\lambda_1 x_1 + \dots + \lambda_m x_m) \leq \lambda_1 f(x_1) + \dots + \lambda_m f(x_m)$$

$$f: x \mapsto \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda_1 x_1 + \dots + \lambda_m x_m} \leq \frac{\lambda_1}{x_1} + \dots + \frac{\lambda_m}{x_m}$$

~~Inégalité triangulaire~~

$$\sqrt{\sum (a_i + b_i)^2} \leq \sqrt{\sum a_i^2} + \sqrt{\sum b_i^2}$$

May.

$$\frac{m}{\sum_{k=1}^m \frac{1}{x_k}} \leq \frac{1}{\frac{1}{m} \sum_{k=1}^m x_k} \leq \sqrt[m]{x_1 \dots x_m}$$

=1

$$\sum_{h=1}^m x_h = 1$$

① Soit $(x_1, \dots, x_m) \in (\mathbb{R}_+^*)^m$ tels que $x_1 + \dots + x_m = 1$

Montrer que $\sum_{h=1}^m \frac{1}{x_h} \geq m^2$

Cas d'égalité ?

Cauchy - Schwarz $\left| \sum_{h=1}^m a_h b_h \right| \leq \sqrt{\sum_{h=1}^m a_h^2} \sqrt{\sum_{h=1}^m b_h^2}$

$$a_h = \sqrt{x_h}$$

$$b_h = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x_h}}$$

$$\left| \sum_{h=1}^m 1 \right| \leq \sqrt{\sum_{h=1}^m x_h} \sqrt{\sum_{h=1}^m \frac{1}{x_h}}$$

$$m \leq \sqrt{\sum_{h=1}^m \frac{1}{x_h}}$$

croissance de $x \mapsto x^2$ sur $\mathbb{R}_+$

$$m^2 \leq \sum_{h=1}^m \frac{1}{x_h}$$

② Soit $(a, b, c) \in (\mathbb{R}_+^*)^2$ tels que $a+b+c=1$

Montrer que $\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2 + \left(b + \frac{1}{b}\right)^2 + \left(c + \frac{1}{c}\right)^2 \geq \frac{100}{3}$

~~CS ?~~ $|\sum a_k b_k| \leq \sqrt{\sum a_k^2} \sqrt{\sum b_k^2}$

$a_1 = a + \frac{1}{a}$ $a_2 = b + \frac{1}{b}$ $a_3 = c + \frac{1}{c}$

$b_1 = a$ $b_2 = b$ $b_3 = c$

~~III~~
 $\sqrt{(a_1+b_1)^2 + (a_2+b_2)^2} \leq \sqrt{a_1^2 + a_2^2} + \sqrt{b_1^2 + b_2^2}$

~~Mag.~~

Conv.

$f: x \mapsto \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2$

$f'(x) = 2\left(1 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = 2\left(x - \frac{1}{x^3}\right)$

$f''(x) = 2\left(1 + \frac{3}{x^4}\right) \geq 0$

f convexe

② Soit $(a, b, c) \in (\mathbb{R}_+^*)^3$ tels que $a+b+c=1$

Montrer que $\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2 + \left(b + \frac{1}{b}\right)^2 + \left(c + \frac{1}{c}\right)^2 \geq \frac{100}{3}$ $f(?)$

$$f: x \mapsto \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 \quad \sum \lambda_i = 1 \quad f\left(\sum \lambda_i x_i\right) \leq \sum \lambda_i f(x_i)$$

$\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \lambda_3 = \frac{1}{3}$

$$\frac{1}{3} f(a) + \frac{1}{3} f(b) + \frac{1}{3} f(c) \geq f\left(\frac{1}{3} a + \frac{1}{3} b + \frac{1}{3} c\right) = f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$f(a) + f(b) + f(c) \geq 3 f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = 3 \left(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{1}\right)^2 = 3 \left(\frac{10}{3}\right)^2 = \frac{100}{3}$$

$$\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2 + \left(b + \frac{1}{b}\right)^2 + \left(c + \frac{1}{c}\right)^2 \geq \frac{100}{3}$$

Exercices bonus

Soit $(\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_m) \in (\mathbb{R}_+^*)^m$. Montrer que :

$$\left[\prod_{k=1}^m (1 + \lambda_k) \right]^{1/m} \geq 1 + \left[\prod_{k=1}^m \lambda_k \right]^{1/m}$$

Solutions : martintroussard.fr